

Step 3: Use the following query to view the complete server list. Replace **dbprefix_** with the correct prefix found in **/usr/local/etc/ezlogin/ez.conf**

```
MariaDB [db_name]> SELECT A.name AS name, A.description AS
description, A.ssh_port AS ssh_port, B.name AS servergroup, C.ip AS
IPAddress FROM dbprefix_servers AS A INNER JOIN dbprefix_servergroups
AS B ON A.servergroup_id = B.id INNER JOIN dbprefix_ips AS C ON A.id
= C.server_id;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
-+
| name   | description | ssh_port | servergroup | IPAddress |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
-+
| centos8 | | 22 | LinuxServers | 192.168.56.194 |
| centos7 | | 22 | LinuxServers | 192.168.56.194 |
| Windows | | 22 | LinuxServers | 192.168.56.181 |
| production | | 22 | LinuxServers | 192.168.56.194 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
-+
```

Use the correct **db_name** and **dbprefix**, which can be found in the </usr/local/etc/ezlogin/ez.conf> file.

Related Articles:

[How to view database connectivity credentials and configuration file?](#)

[Basic MySQL commands for troubleshooting database related issues in Ezeelogin](#)

Online URL:

<https://www.ezeelogin.com/kb/article/view-complete-server-and-user-list-via-mysql-499.html>